

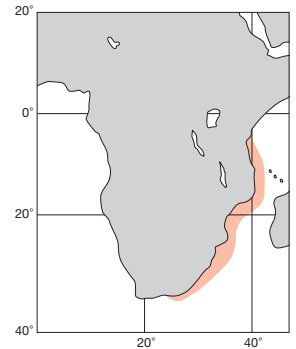
A, C : Adam & Rees (1966). B : Khromov (1998)

南アフリカ South Africa

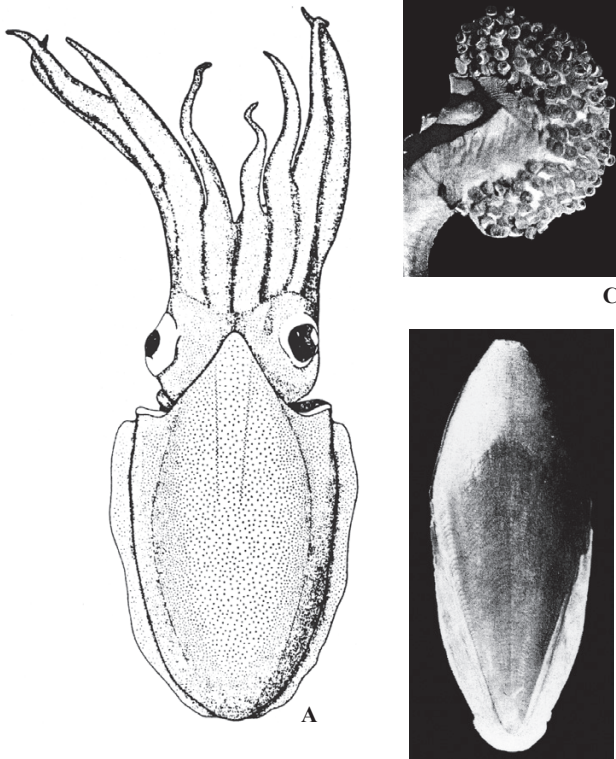
ML 11 cm. 外套膜は幅広い卵円形。I~III腕は等長で、IV腕が僅かに長い。交接腕は基部から6~7列の正常吸盤に続いて9~10列の縮小吸盤がある。触腕吸盤は8~10列でほぼ同大。貝殻は前端やや尖り、腹面には放射状溝が多数走る。横線面の前縁は弧状。内円錐はU字型。外円錐は後方やや張り出し盃型。棘は強大。ソマリア~南アフリカの水深200~300m。

Mantle broadly oval. Arms I to III subequal in length, but Arm IV somewhat longer than others. Hectocotylyzed arm with 6-7 rows of normal suckers proximally followed by 9-10 rows of reduced suckers. Tentacular club suckers subequal, in 8-10 rows. Shell somewhat acuminate anteriorly. Ventral surface with a number of radial furrows. Locular boundary arched. Inner cone U-shaped. Outer cone slightly flared in posterior part and cup-shaped. Spine strong. Somalia to South Africa, 200-300m depth.

[A. 貝殻腹面 (104mm) ; B. 同背面 ; C. 触腕]



カワリコウイカ *Sepia (Rhombosepion) hieronis* (Robson, 1924) / コウイカ科 Sepiidae



A, B : Roeleveld (1972). C : Adam & Rees (1966)

南アフリカ South Africa

ML 60 mm. 外套膜は卵円形で、前背葉は鋭く突出。雄のI腕の先端の1/3は細まり吸盤は2列。II腕の基部寄り2/3は吸盤が2列で、それから不規則な4列に戻りそこに3~5対の壺型の大吸盤がある。III腕もII腕に似るが拡大吸盤は前者ほど大きくない。触腕吸盤はほぼ同大で5列。貝殻は前端尖る。背側は淡紅色で中肋は明らか。横線面の前縁は逆U字型で両側に浅い湾入がある。内円錐は外円錐に癒着。外円錐は左右に側翼がある。棘はないが、小瘤がある。モザンビーク、南アフリカ、ナミビアの水深200~400m。

Mantle ovate with acutely projected antero-dorsal lobe. Male Arm I attenuated at distal one-third with biserial suckers. Arm II with biserial suckers in proximal two-thirds, then becoming irregular quadriserial with 3-5 pairs of enlarged pot-shaped suckers. Arm III similar to Arm II, but with smaller enlarged suckers. Tentacular suckers in five rows, subequal in size. Shell acuminate anteriorly. Dorsal surface pinkish with distinct mid-rib. Locular boundary inverted U-shaped with shallow sinus on both sides. Inner cone fused with outer cone, which is flared with lateral wings. No spine, but small knob present. Mozambique, South Africa and Namibia, 200-400m depth.

[A. 背面 (♂62mm) ; B. 貝殻腹面 (59mm) ; C. 触腕]

